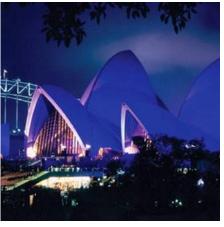






Global Trends & Challenges









Population growth & demographics

Urbanization & the need for Cities to establish identity

The rise of the middle class

Resource challenges

We live and operate in a fast changing world, where a number of **global trends** pose new **challenges** to government, business and society, resulting in the need (and opportunities) for new **solutions** and **business models** that address economic growth with accompanying improvements in quality of life.

By adopting an ambitious and mandatory energy saving target for 2030, Europe could...



REDUCE ENERGY PRICES

Reduced demand through energy efficiency will push down the cost of energy, leading to a reduced price tag for energy of €50 billion by 2030. This figure is equivalent to the electricity sales in France for 2011.





DECREASE ENERGY CONSUMPTION

By 2030 Europeans would be saving €200 billion net a year from energy efficiency, taking into account both investment costs in energy efficiency and energy cost savings.

CREATE JOBS

Throughout the period up to 2030, 1,500,000 Full Time Equivalent direct jobs per year will be created and sustained.



CUT ENERGY IMPORTS

Europe currently (2011) imports €573 billion in energy. This amount can be cut by 40% through energy efficiency measures.



REDUCE ENERGY PRICES

reduced price tag for energy of €50 billion by 2030

CREATE JOBS

o up to 2030, 1,500,000 direct jobs

DECREASE ENERGY CONSUMPTION

saving €200 billion/yr (reduced investment & energy saving)

CUT ENERGY IMPORTS

40% of €573 billion in energy

DECREASE CO2 EMISSIONS

1.5 billion tons a year by 2030

OFFSET INVESTMENTS NEEDED FOR EUROPEAN ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURES

Over the period to 2030 energy infrastructure savings of €30 billion/yr

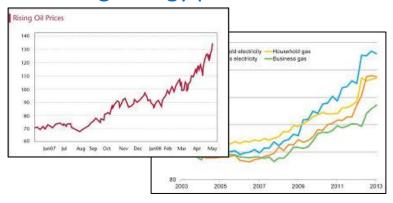
BOOST GROWTH - A minimum increase of 1% in European GDP by 2030



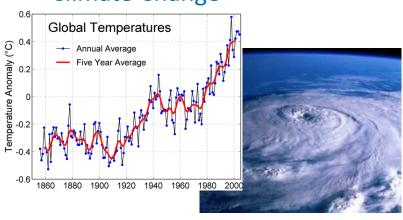
Philips supports the EU Energy and Climate goals

Catching 4 birds with one stone

Rising energy prices



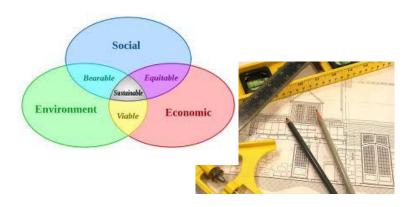
Climate Change



Security of energy supply



Economic growth









Ex: Santander (Spain)

Contributing to energy savings with 'Lumimotion'





The importance of building renovation

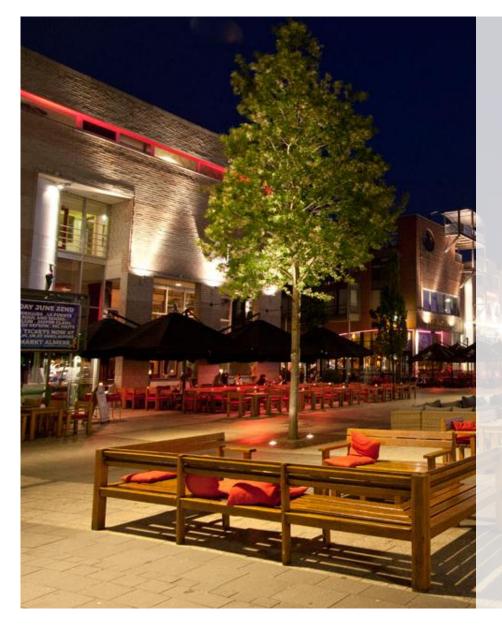


- Economic Benefits: A revenue-generating activity which creates local non-exportable jobs and has a positive impact on public finances through reduced energy costs.
- Social Benefits: A significant contribution to boost urban renewal in disaffected areas and to reduce fuel poverty.
- Health Benefits: An effective way of improving indoor climate and thereby reducing hospitalisations.
- Environmental Benefits: A cost-effective means of reducing air pollution and CO2 emissions.
- Political Benefits: An efficient strategy for getting your country back on track to meeting its 2020 climate,
 energy and growth objectives.









What is a liveable city?

Liveable cities are:

- Attractive to their citizens
- Attractive to tourists and businesses
- With their own image/identity
- Where people are welcomed & feel safe
- Where public spaces share history and culture with their citizens and visitors



Ex: Rios de Luz (Valladolid, Spain)

The architechtural heritage as night mover

45% **Energy savings**













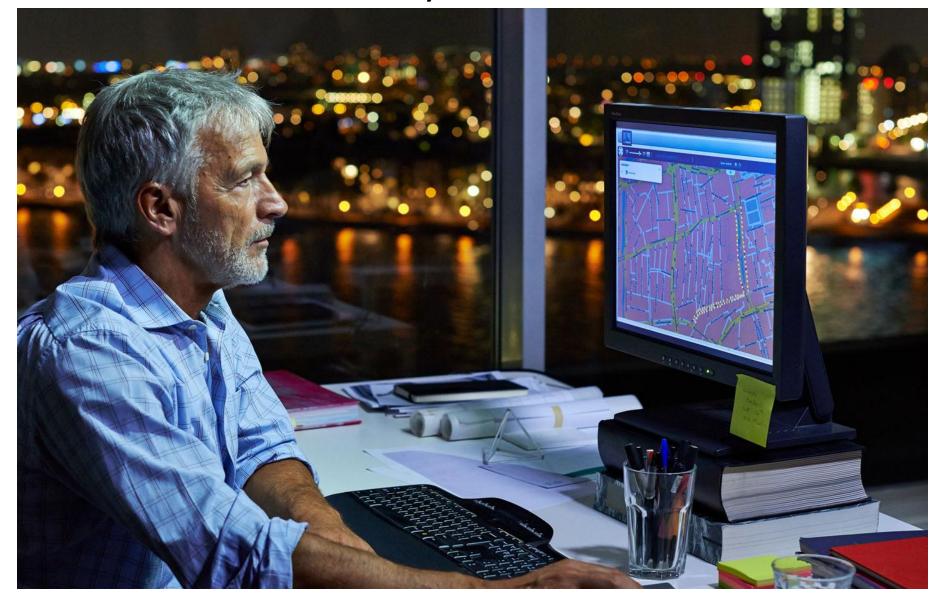


Ruta de Rios de Luz Valladolid: http://valladolidriosdeluz.es **Bastions of Light Badajoz:**

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yzNAuWpH-58

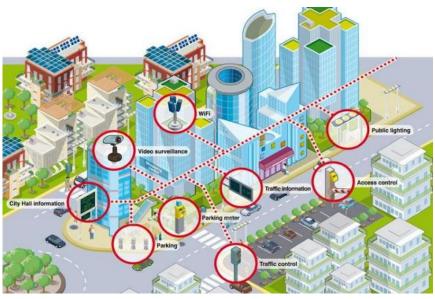


What is a connected city?





Smart City





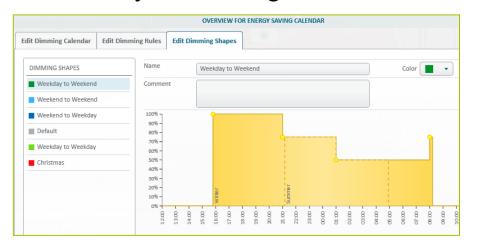


Energy Efficiency Management system Palencia (Spain)

Application based in maps



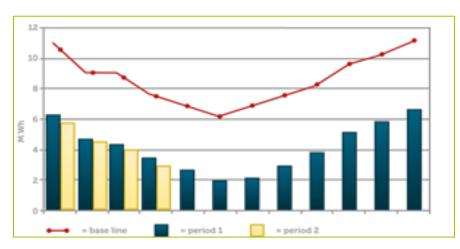
Adjustment of light levels



Failure detection and notification



Energy measurement





Why an international year of light?



- Light-based technology is a major economic driver with the potential to revolutionize the 21st century
- The Proclamation of an International Year of Light will ensure the importance of Light and its potential applications are appreciated by all

Why Philips?

Innovation & You - Improving people's lives with light







Philips EE / Lighting Partnerships









Lighting the Cities

Accelerating the Deployment of Innovative Lighting in European Cities

June 2013





EU funding 2014-2020





Development and Innovation





Competitiveness for SMEs



Transition to a low carbon economy

Philips supports the 3 target approach for the EU 2030 climate and energy package.

This package must include provisions addressing EE in buildings, appliances and cities given their high potential

Call to Action

- 1. Promote an ambitious regulatory framework to realize the potential of EE in buildings, infrastructure and appliances
- 2. Accelerate infrastructure renovation through public procurement based on 'life cycle costing
- 3. Reinforce compliance with EU legislation and enforce implementation
- 4. Support innovative financial incentives and new business models (circular economy)
- 5. Invest in innovation, including through public private partnership
- 6. Communicate and increase public awareness about what can be done, showing tangible benefits

Europe's economic competitiveness is not based on the amount of energy we consume, but rather on what we do with it, i.e. the productive use of energy



Thank you / Obrigada lara.noivo.fernandes@philips.com