

We are 7 billion people: 1/7 are hungry and don't have access to clean drinking water – How can we promote food security? Cities have POOR AIR QUALITY (indoor and outdoor), insufficient sanitation, NOISE levels discomfort and unemployment are high: yet 1/2 of the world population lives in cities - How can we improve quality of life in cities? 1/3 of people ever reaching 65 years of age are alive today – How can our built environment become more age friendly? In some first world countries 1 in every 2 people suffers from a chronic medical condition – How can we promote health? Social Unrest and revolt are becoming common occurrences in the developed world -How can we increase Social Resilience based on Collaborative Governance? Relying on the finite natural resources our planet offers, to fuel our society and to make it function, is not a lasting solution: 40% of the world's energy consumption is required to operate buildings - How can we improve the energy environmental performance of the built environment? The construction sector accounts for 50% by weight of all material taken from the Earth's crust and the building industry depletes natural resources beyond sustainable levels – How can we live

Our challenges in Europe?

How do we Work our way Out of:

hunger & poverty (also fuel)
old age vulnerability
unemployment
chronic medical condition
high energy consumption
natural resource depletion
poor air quality, bad sanitation, noise levels, discomfort
social unrest and revolt

Our challenges in Europe?

How do we design our way in to:

hunger & poverty (also fuel) food and energy for all old age vulnerability old age friendly environments unemployment while there is things to do there is work chronic medical condition health high energy consumption efficient use of finite resources natural resource depletion renewable resources poor air qualing althy and toomfortable urban, environments scsocial resitience and inclusive collaborative governance



EUROPEAN COMMISSION goals:

The built environment is responsible for:

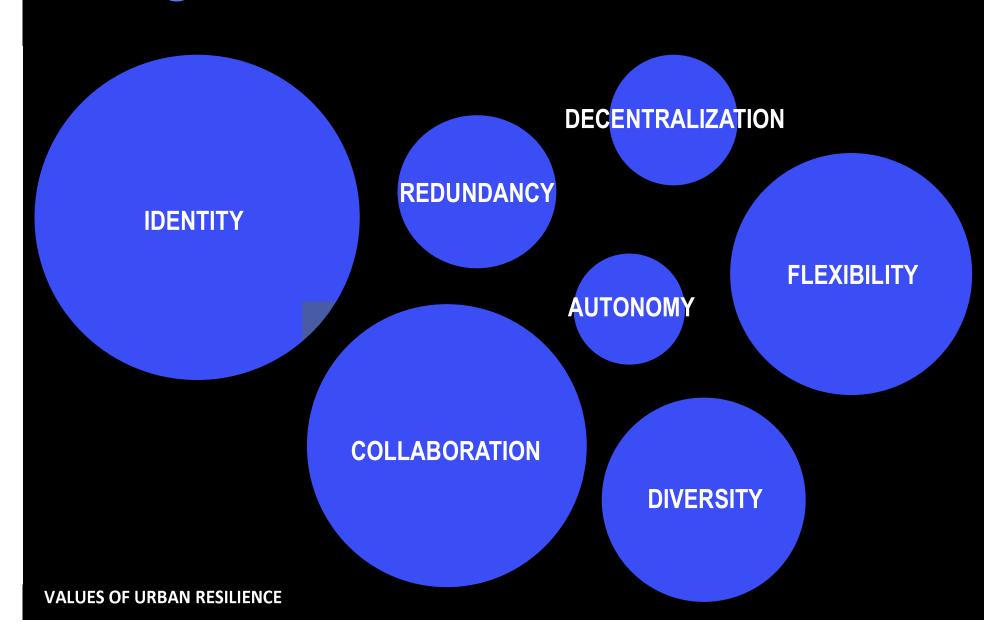
- 40% of green house gas emissions;
- 40% of primary energy consumption;
- 50% (in weight) of raw materials extracted from the earth's crust;

The European Commission has defined goals for 2020:

- Green house gas emissions 20% lower than in 1990;
- 20% of energy from renewable sources;
- 20% increase in energy efficiency.



Design for Resilience in our cities



Our **SOCIETY** is demanding:

A better performing built environment:

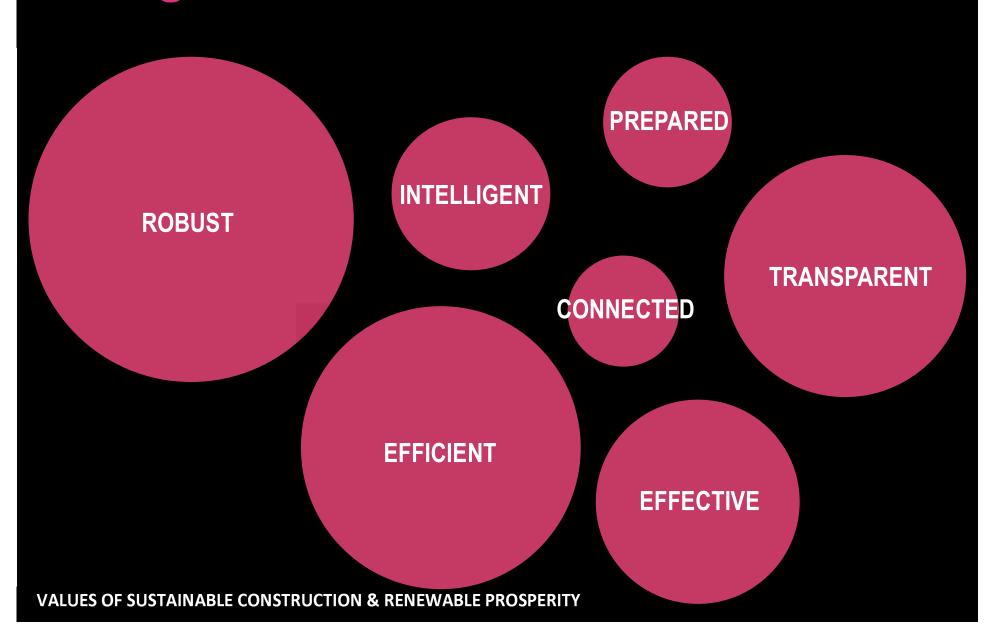
- long lasting
- healthy
- comfortable
- affordable (buy / rent / operate)

Our political model needs to facilitate mainstreaming of good practices in refurbishment of existing buildings, promoting a

higher Quality of Life and Prosperity for people.



Design for Sustainable Construction



Our **Economy** must add Value

We need to create new economic models

"The new economical model can't associate progress with quantitative growth. It needs to focus on **qualitative improvement**, that relies on the fact that nature is a finite, non growing and materially closed system."

Herman Daly, Beyond Growth

"A **circular economy** is a regenerative economy that allows its waste to safely become part of the system again. In economic terms that would mean the waste of one product becomes the input to create a new cash flow..."

"Renewable prosperity - is an urban model that relies solely on renewable, endogenous resources to provide growth."

Livia Tirone

Our **Economy** must add Value

Can we have an economic model that intrinsically promotes Value adding activities?
Can we go for a paradigm shift in our economic model?

- Cost must be addressed in the context of the integral life cycle of buildings
- If **growth** is unavoidable in our economic model, then it needs to become sustainable and **rely predominantly on renewable resources** (energy, water and recycled and upcycled materials as well as good will, creativity and innovation)
- Finance must support the activities that add value to Society (as opposed to lateral and intermediary processes)
- Incentives must not distort positive market dynamics
- Externalities must be systematically included in cost analysis

Our **Economy** must add Value

We need to design new urban models



Energy

www.construcaosustentavel.pt

We must add value to the Environment

We need to learn to relate positively with the environment

"The natural world - an **ecosystem** which is **finite**, non growing and materially closed..."

Herman Daly

"We must only use natural resources coming from **well managed ecosystems**, using them in the most efficient and productive way taking care of all modifications we impose on nature."

Karl-Henrik Robert – The Natural Step

"Food is waste is food - all materials must be reintegrated in the biosphere or the technoshpere to be up-cycled..."

Michael Braungart - Cradle to Cradle

We must add value to the Environment

Can we live in **harmony** with the natural environment?

Can we go for a **paradigm shift** in the way we relate to the environment?

- Finite resources should be used minimally renewable resources and already sourced and transformed materials must become the new raw materials
- Endogenous resources must be given priority (a lot of waste results from transport)
 - local resources add to security of supply
- Waste must be eliminated (not hidden)
- All ecosystems must be well managed

We must add value to the Environment

"Ceci n'est pas une pipe."

"Do not repair what is not broken, do not remanufacture something that can be repaired, do not recycle a product that can be remanufactured"

Walter Stahel - Product Life Institute in Geneva

"32 Second Chair - Steelcase"

Michael Braungart - Cradle to Cradle design



Our **Society** must create Value

The built environment needs to support new social models

The city's public spaces are its first level of identity - the more people **identify with the built environment** they inhabit, the more they will care about it and the better they will contribute to maintaining it: Attractive urban contexts promote connected and collaborative communities and enjoy proportionally lower operating and maintenance costs.

Klas Tham

Inclusive collaborative governance leads to a higher level of Social Resilience – communities often need help by **facilitators** to identify their common ground and objectives. But once communities identify and **co-own solutions** and learn to collaborate positively, their prosperity grows.

Lia Vasconcelos

Our Society must create Value

Our cities must provide quality of life for all people!

Can we go for a paradigm shift in the way our society functions?

- Governance models must be mainstreamed
- Communities must be inclusive and collaborative
- The built environment must adapt to its users needs
- Empower the individual by providing real time information on the critical indicators

Our Society must create Value

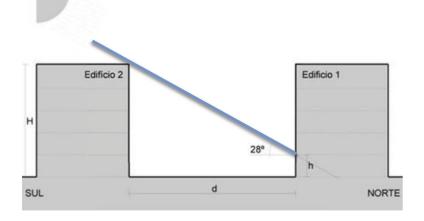




Efficient E-Cities

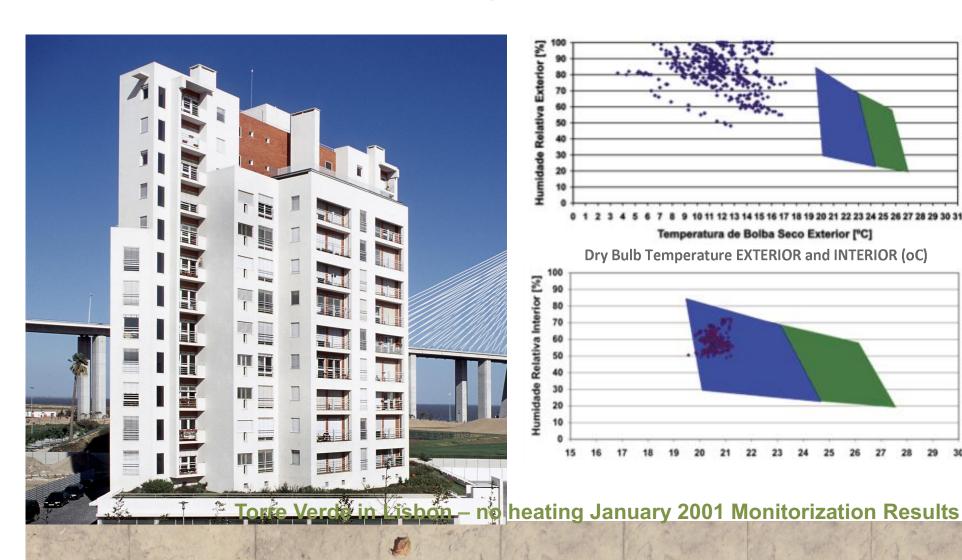
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- H Height of building 2
- d Distance between buildings
- h Height of Ground Level of building 1



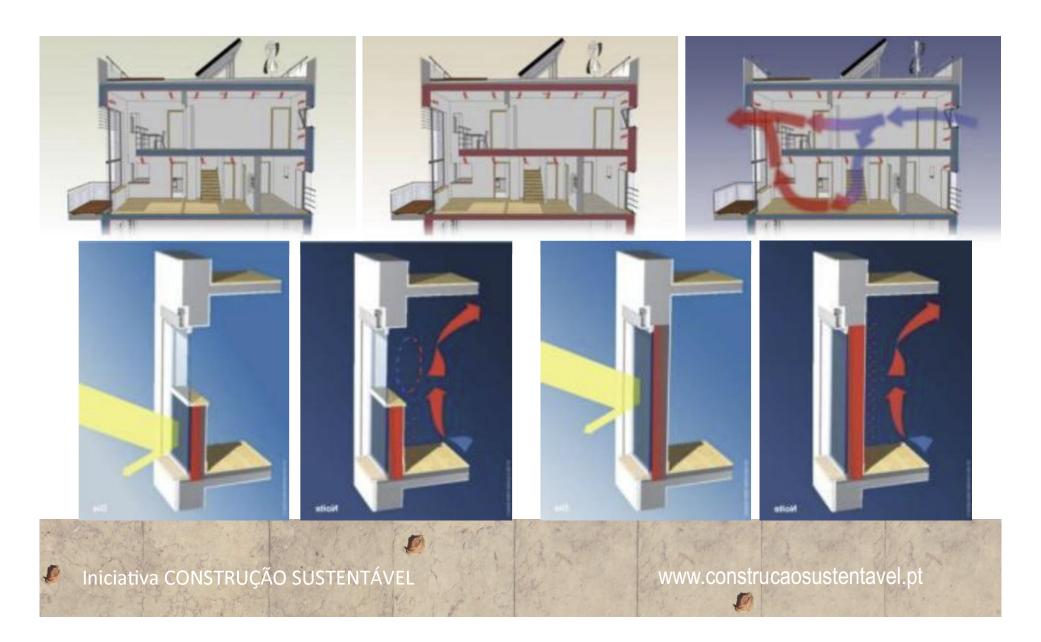


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New, responsive Buildings

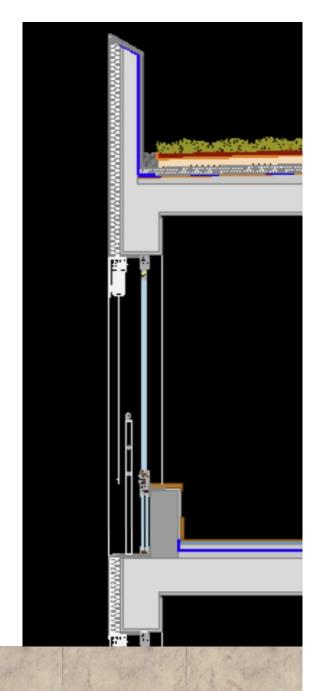
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Store

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Admit

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Existing, responsive Buildings: E-Refurbishment

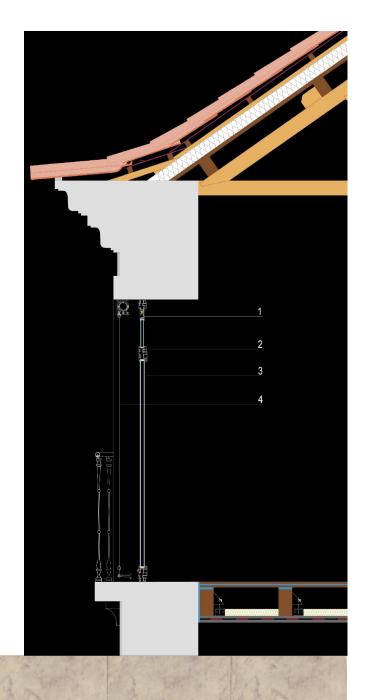
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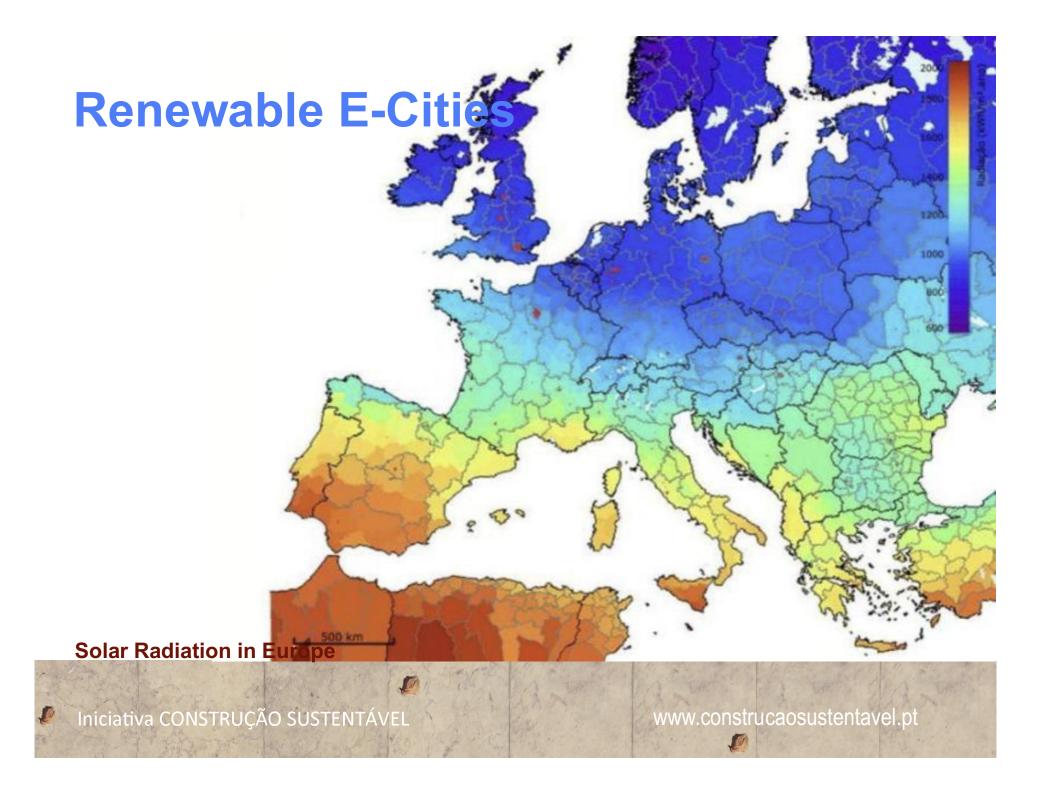
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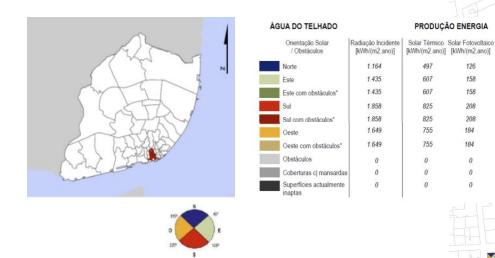
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Renewable E-Cities



Baixa, Lisbon Urban Plan integrating Solar Potential

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Renewable E-Buildings





Discourage bad building practices that result in poor energy performance:

(at present it is easier to promote average and low energy performance buildings, than excellent ones)

NO to unhealthy indoor environments and to discomfort

NO to fuel poverty

NO to profit on sale of finite energy resources

NO to low resource efficiency

NO to waste and obsolescence (superfluous, peek demand, distance of transport...)

NO to "disposable" construction

NO to non-transparent and insufficient information

Facilitate compliance with good building practices that contribute to reaching established 20/20/20 goals:

- On-going and rigorous monitoring of good practices that contribute to reach the 20 / 20 / 20 goals – finger on the EU pulse
- Life Cycle Cost approach in market procurement low maintenance and operation costs
- Flexibility of use to make the built environment longer lasting
- Building solutions that are robust and efficient offering comfort and healthy indoor environments over a long life span
- Buildings with **low embodied CO**₂ per year of use
- Energy environmental refurbishment of the existing built environment

Stimulate excellent building practices that contribute to reaching established 20/20/20 goals:

- Community lead initiatives improving the energy performance of the built environment
- **Demonstration projects** with innovative combinations of excellent and good practices
- Financial models that facilitate investment in excellent practices



Create legislation and recommendations contributing to reaching established 20/20/20 goals:

- Demanding Member States Targets within the Energy End Use Efficiency and Energy Services Directive – 2006/32/CE – soon to be revised - Energy services to replace finite energy resource trading
- **Direct taxes** and **higher tariffs** to make real costs apparent (peek demand)
- Incentives waving the direct taxes for good practices (peek demand smoothing)
- Waver global taxes (such as VAT) for excellent practices
- ...

