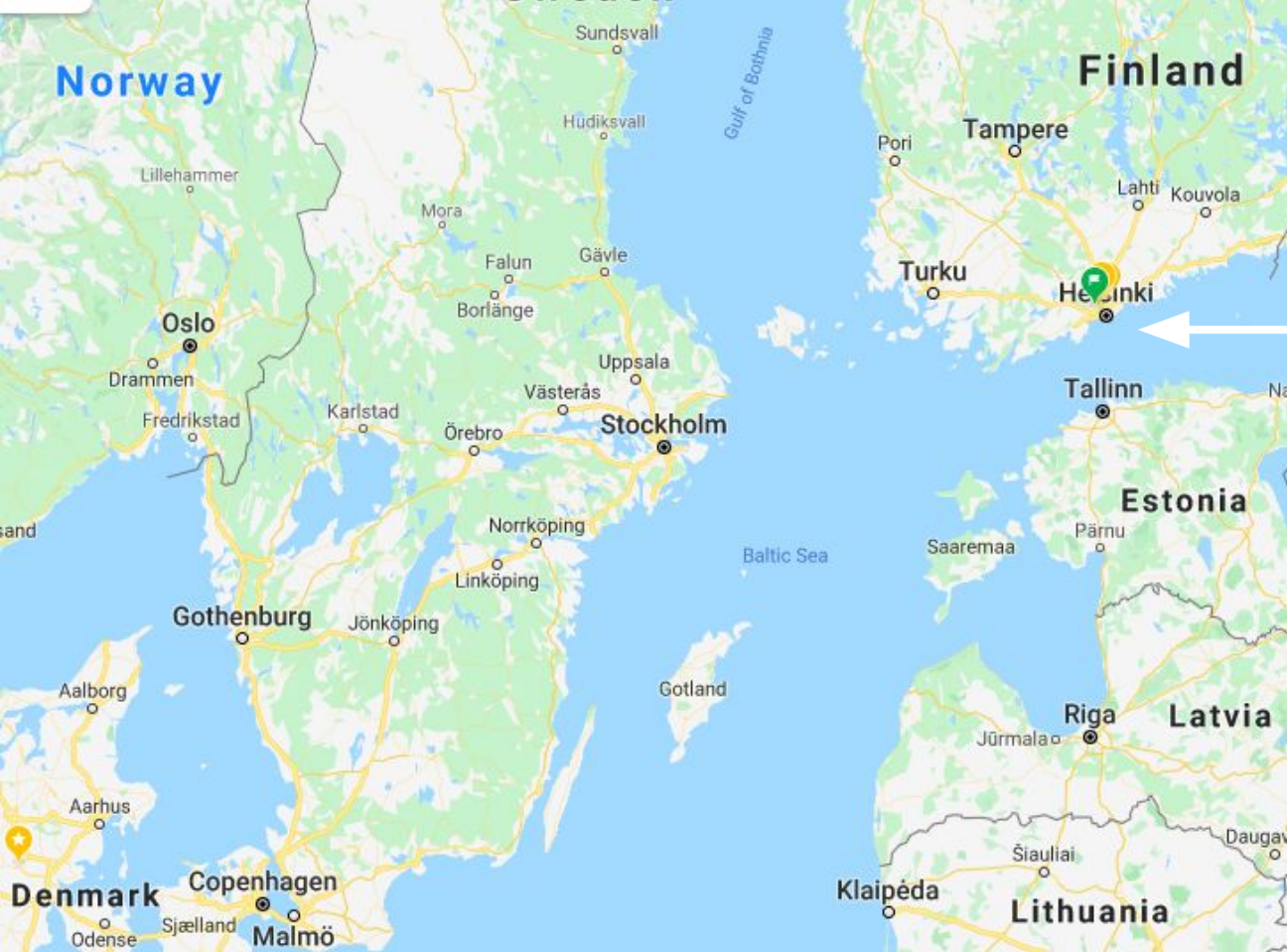


# Replacing coal with renewables in district heating, case Helsinki

EUFORES 19th Inter-Parliamentary Meeting on Renewable Energy and Energy  
Efficiency | 22.11.2019 | Parliament of Finland, Helsinki

Stakeholder Relations Director, Researcher **Karoliina Auvinen**,  
Smart Energy Transition, Aalto University



# Helsinki city

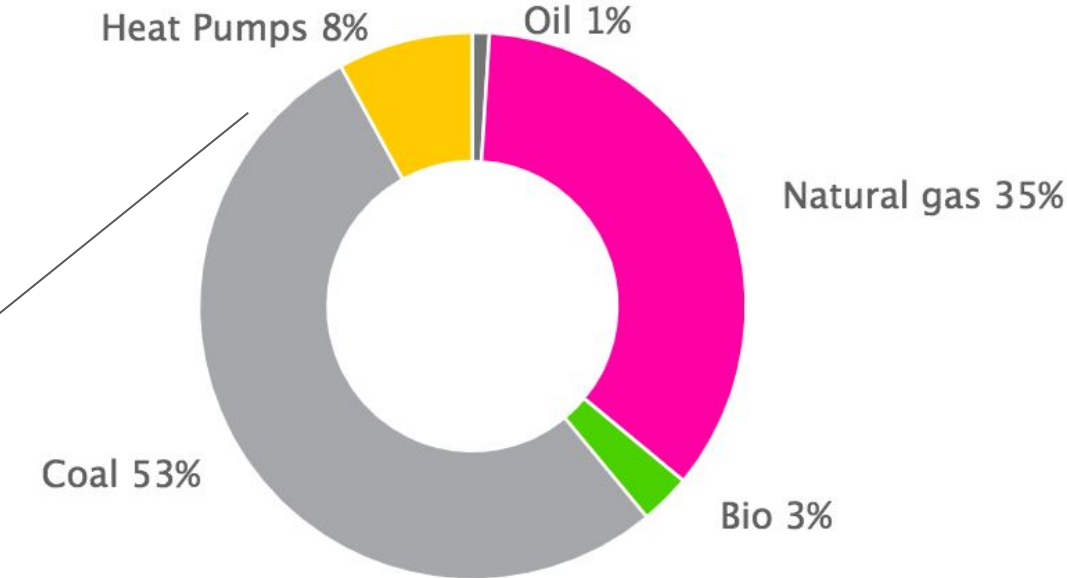
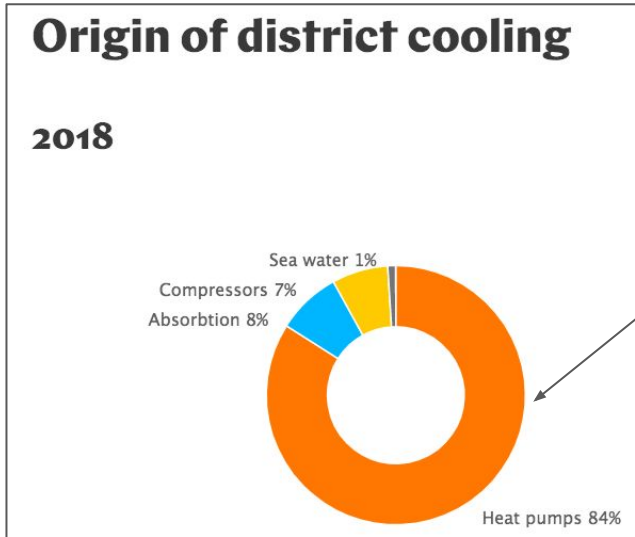
Climate target:  
Carbon-neutral  
Helsinki by 2035

630 000 citizens -  
12% of 5,5 million  
Finnish population

#climatestrikeHelsinki



# Helsinki district heating energy sources

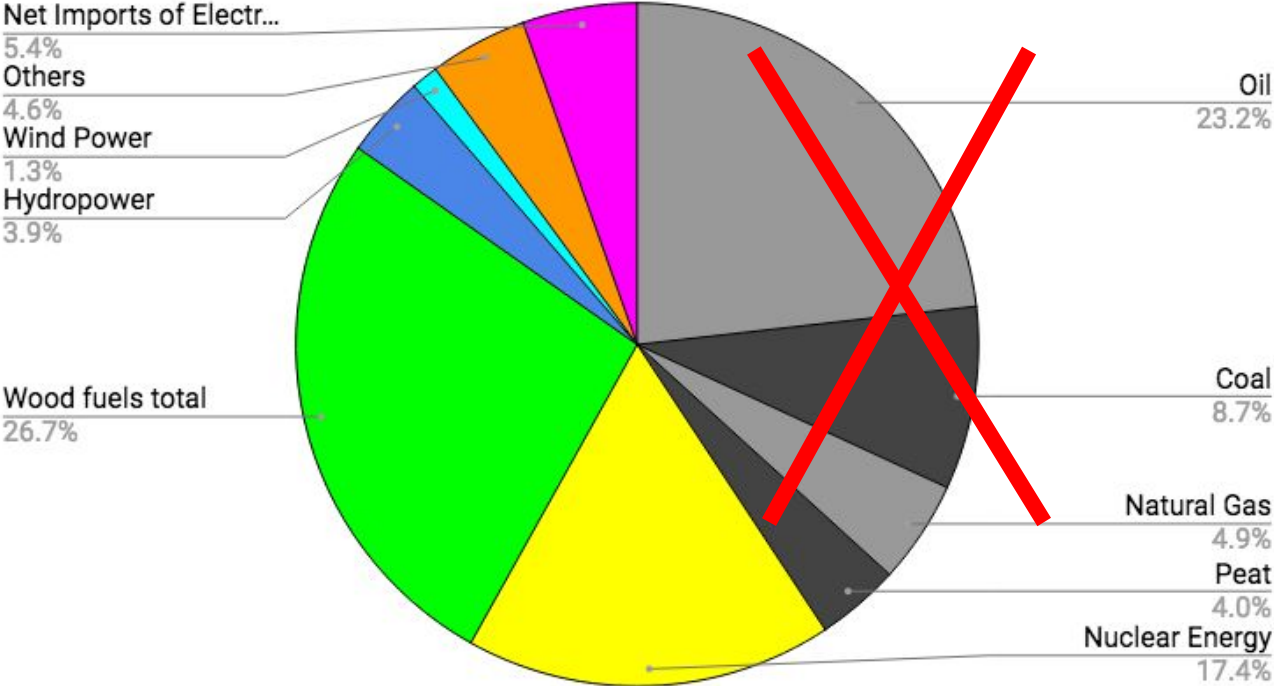


Source: Helen Ltd. Origin of district heating 2018.  
<https://www.helen.fi/en/company/energy/energy-production/origin-of-energy>

Heating market shares in Helsinki: 90% of the district heating owned by Helen Ltd - 10% decentralized heating systems using electricity, oil, biomass, ambient & excess heat. **Significant energy efficiency potential exists in the old buildings!**

# All fossil fuels need to be phased out

Energy sources 2017, Finland





## Clean district heating - how can it work?

Including fossil-fuel free scenario for Finland

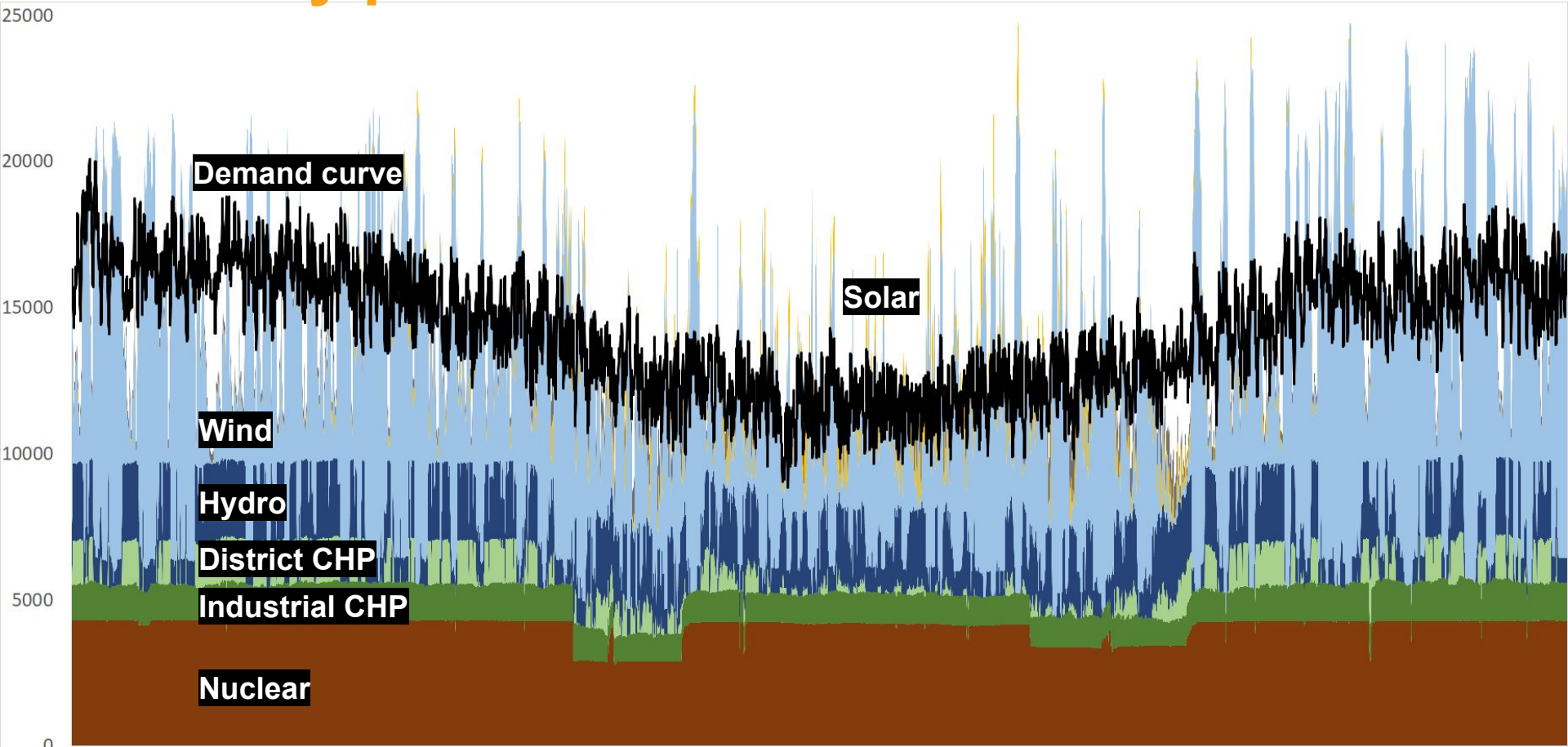
Available: <https://aaltodoc.aalto.fi/handle/123456789/40756>

[www.smartenergytransition.fi](http://www.smartenergytransition.fi)

Research consortium:



# Electricity production in fossil-fuel free Finland



Electricity production and demand (one year, every hour) in fossil fuel-free scenario for Finland by simulation program EnergyPLAN.eu

# Flexibility solutions for the variable wind and solar energy

**Timescale:**

*Seconds*      *Minutes*      *Hours*      *Days*      *Weeks*      *Months*      *Year*

**Variability of wind and solar production**

Wind power

Solar energy

**Storage and demand response solutions**

Hydrogen production & storage

Heat storages

Demand response of industrial buildings and storehouses

Demand response of residential and office buildings

Electric batteries

Storages not needed

Figure: Karoliina Auvinen and Samuli Rinne, Aalto University

# Primary energy sources

Primary energy sources	Primary energy consumption in Finland 2017* / 2018	Primary energy consumption in fossil-fuel free scenario
Wind power	6 TWh	60 TWh
		+ 40 TWh more if needed 16 TWh synthetic fuels are produced with wind power (efficiency 40%)
Solar energy	0,1 TWh*	3 TWh
Nuclear fuels, uranium	66 TWh	106 TWh (36 TWh electricity)
Biomass	104 TWh	110 TWh
Ambient and excess heat (heat pumps)	6,4 TWh*	38 TWh
Hydropower	13 TWh	15 TWh
Export / import	20 TWh import	5 TWh export
Fossil fuels	Natural Gas 20 TWh, oil 85 TWh, coal 32 TWh and peat 17 TWh	0 TWh



# Clean electrification is the way to reduce emissions in the heating, transport and industry sectors

[www.smartenergytransition.fi](http://www.smartenergytransition.fi)



# Clean district heating & cooling system

Office buildings, data centers etc. with solar PV, EVs, heat pumps and boreholes

New residential buildings with solar PV and EVs and hot water storage tanks

Old residential buildings with solar PV, EVs, heat pumps and hot water storage tanks

School building with solar PV

Flexible back-up heat and power  
Electrical storages

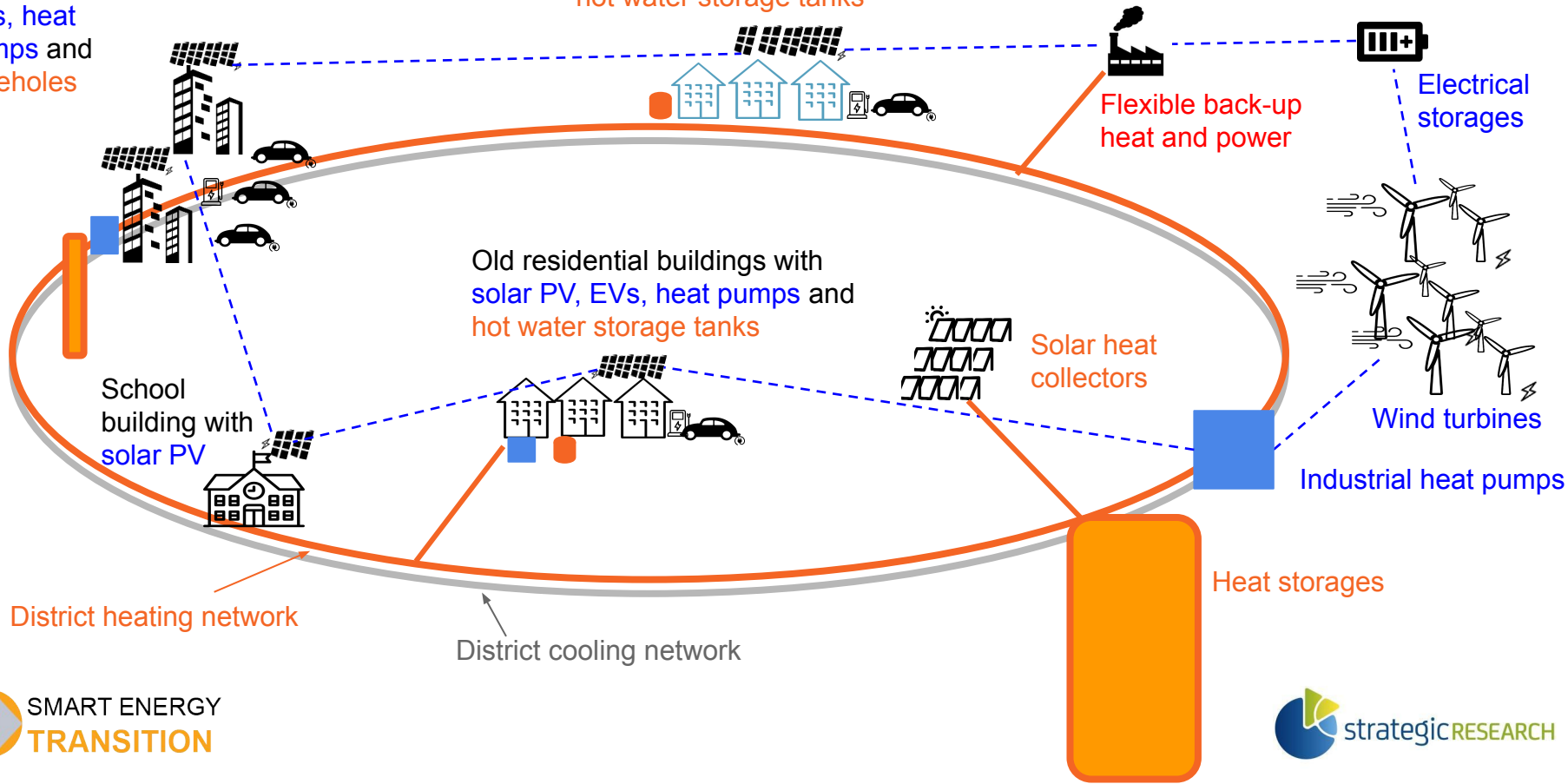
Wind turbines  
Industrial heat pumps

Solar heat collectors

Heat storages

District heating network

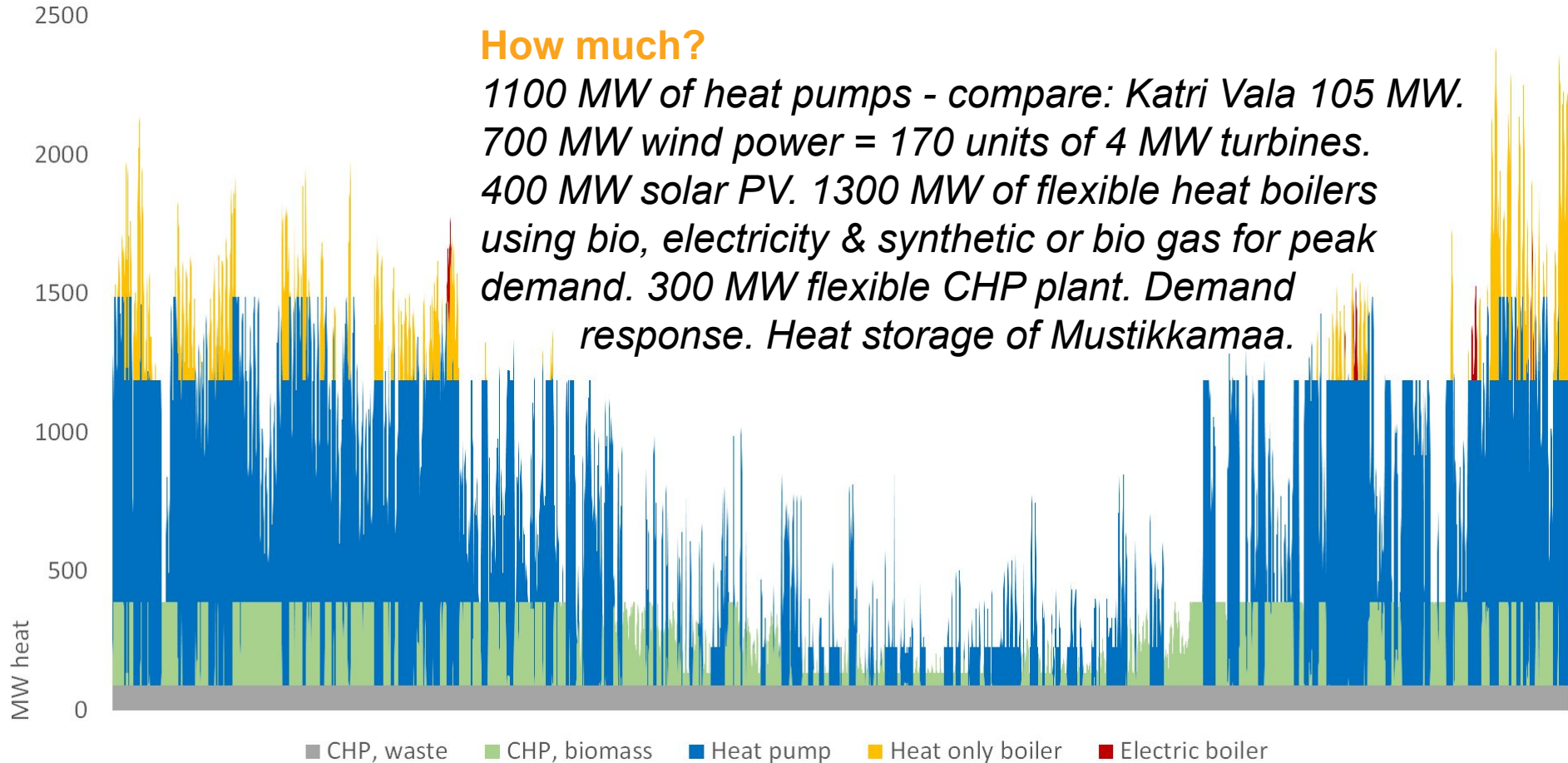
District cooling network



# Helsinki's fossil-fuel free district heating

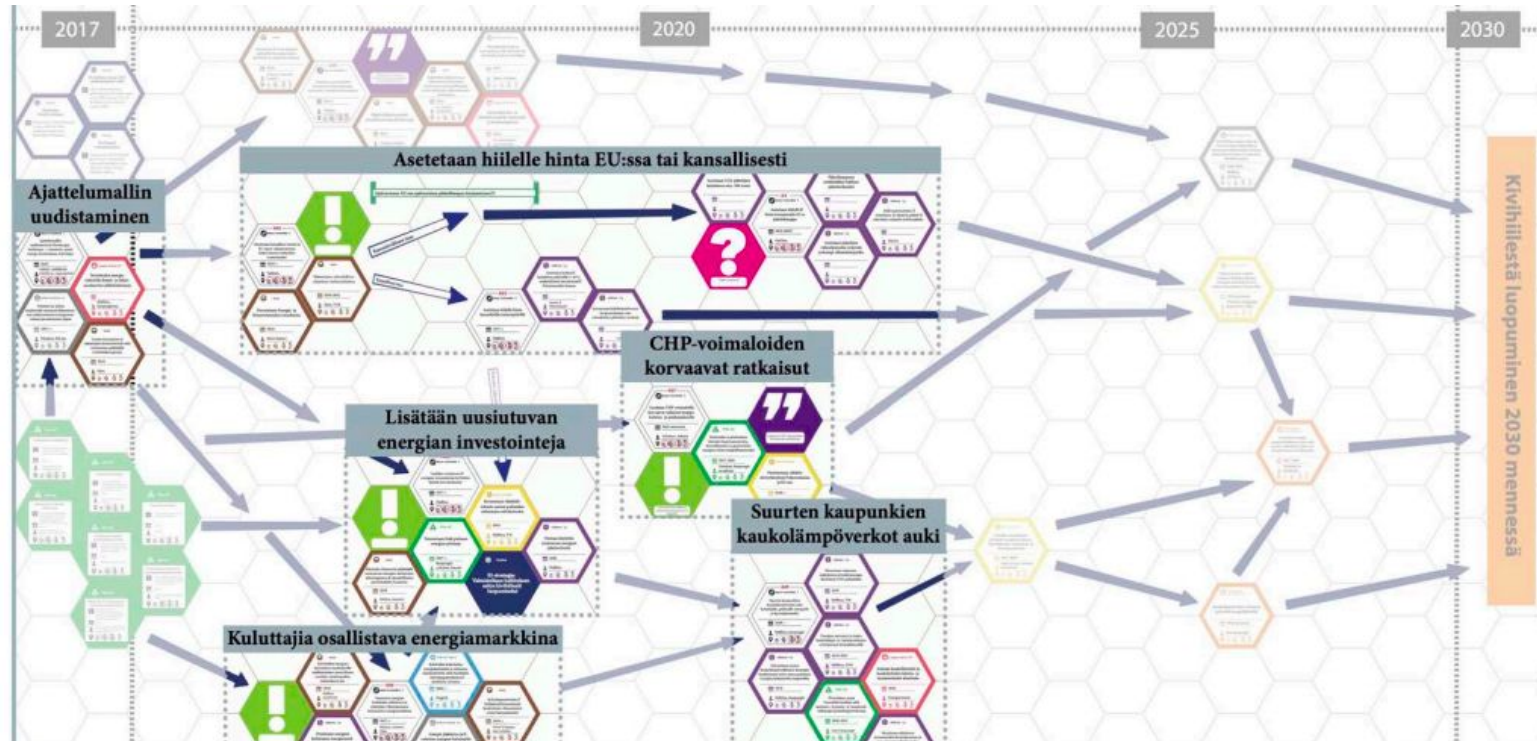
## How much?

*1100 MW of heat pumps - compare: Katri Vala 105 MW.  
700 MW wind power = 170 units of 4 MW turbines.  
400 MW solar PV. 1300 MW of flexible heat boilers  
using bio, electricity & synthetic or bio gas for peak  
demand. 300 MW flexible CHP plant. Demand  
response. Heat storage of Mustikkamaa.*



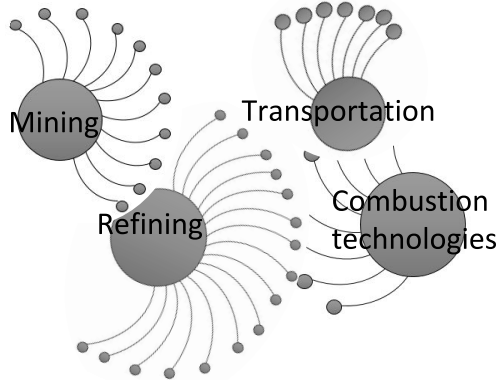
The district heat production in Helsinki hour-by-hour based on 100% fossil-free energy scenario for Finland. Figure: EnergyPLAN simulation tool.

# Are district heating companies in transition towards smart and clean heating?



# Electrification of the district heating system is a systemic change

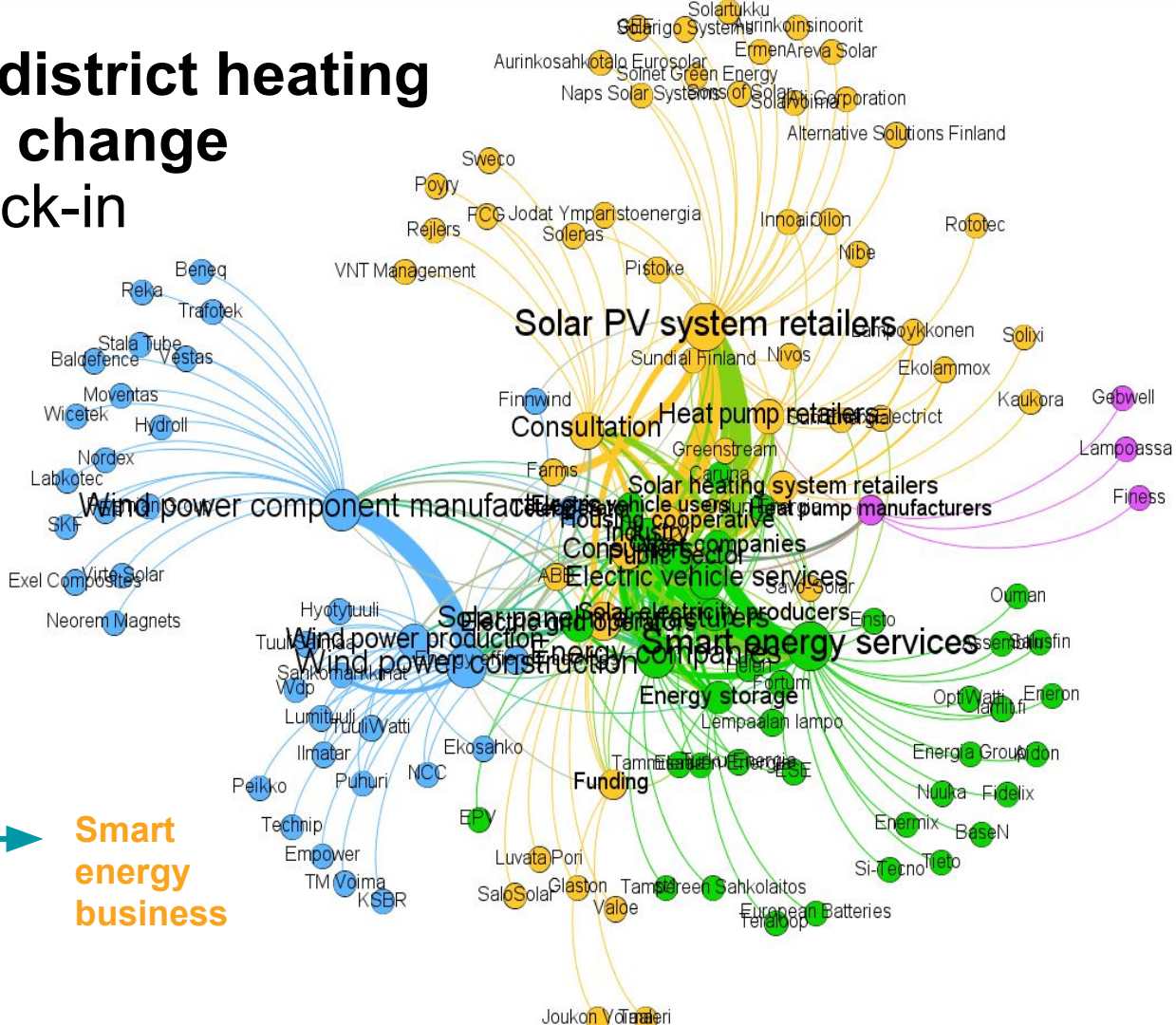
Barriers: technology lock-in and path dependency



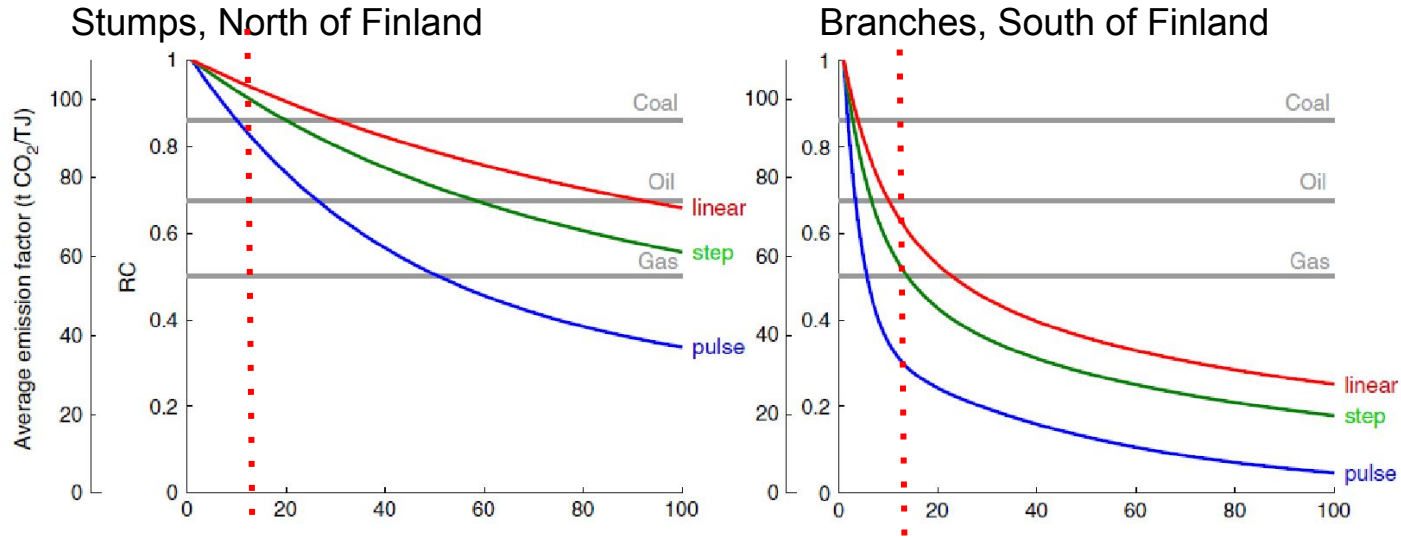
Fossil fueled industry



Smart energy business



# Is biomass burning a climate solution?



Sources: Pingoud, K., Ekholm, T., Soimakallio, S. and Helin, T., 2016. Carbon balance indicator for forest bioenergy scenarios. *Gcb Bioenergy*, 8(1), pp.171-182.

Soimakallio, S., Saikku, L., Valsta, L. and Pingoud, K., 2016. Climate Change Mitigation Challenge for Wood Utilization - The Case of Finland. *Environmental science & technology*, 50(10), pp.5127-5134.

Helin, T., Salminen, H., Hynynen, J., Soimakallio, S., Huuskonen, S. and Pingoud, K., 2016. Global warming potentials of stemwood used for energy and materials in Southern Finland: differentiation of impacts based on type of harvest and product lifetime. *Gcb Bioenergy*, 8(2), pp.334-345.

# Challenges

- Finnish commodity taxation supports currently biomass and peat burning: electricity 22,5 eur/MWh, biomass 0 eur/MWh and peat 3 eur/MWh
  - > **government's promise: to lower electricity tax for DH heat pumps**
- ETS is not reflecting true costs of climate change
  - **EUA price to drive investments should be minimum 35 eur/tCO<sub>2</sub>**
  - **EUA price to meet Paris Accord should be 42-85 eur/tCO<sub>2</sub>**



# Game Changers: tax and technology

Technology breakthrough of the industrial heat pumps

- efficiency-temperature ratio increasing
- can produce 120 Celsius degrees heat

Many pilots are running In Finland:

- 1-3 km deep boreholes for industrial ground source heating and cooling & heat storage
- 6-7 km deep boreholes for geothermal heat

**Comercial industrial heat pump plants using boreholes expected to be available in appr. 1-2 years**

Friday, September 27, 2019

**Finland: Testing at 40 MWth Espoo Geothermal District Heating Project Scheduled to Begin at Year End**

Piloting world's first seasonal geothermal energy storage (Business Finland)



Interview with  
**Mikael Maksimow**,  
Chief Operative  
Officer -  
Quantitative Heat  
Oy

How to develop  
2000 meters deep  
geothermal heat  
well and confirm its  
function? This is  
exactly what we at  
Quantitative Heat

Oy are set to do in Smart Otaniemi programme. During the last years we have done a huge amount of research and simulations and developed a working hypothesis of how 2000 meters deep geothermal heat well would behave in real estate heating and cooling.

**St1 to launch the final phase of drilling the world's deepest geothermal heat wells in Otaniemi**

ST1\_RELEASE 03.09.19



# Thank you!



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